Higgs phenomenon and N=3 higher spin holography

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JHEP11(2013)038; JHEP10(2014)163; JHEP07(2015)125(w/ PBR); arXiv:1506.04465(w/ TC)

International Workshop on Strings, Black Holes and Quantum Information September 7th (2015)

Motivation (I)

• Higher spin gauge theory

$$\varphi_{\mu_1\dots\mu_s} \sim \varphi_{\mu_1\dots\mu_s} + \partial_{(\mu_1}\xi_{\mu_2\dots\mu_s)}$$

- Natural extension of electromagnetism (s=1) and gravity (s=2)
- A toy model for the tensionless limit of superstring theory
- Vasiliev theory is famous as a non-trivial theory on AdS
- Application 1: AdS/CFT
 - More tractable AdS/CFT correspondence can be constructed than using superstring theory
 - Examples
 - 4d Vasiliev theory \Leftrightarrow 3d O(N) vector model [Klebanov-Polyakov '02]
 - 3d Vasiliev theory \Leftrightarrow 2d large N minimal model [Gaberdiel-Gopakumar '10]

Motivation (II)

- Application 2: Black hole
 - Chern-Simons description is possible for 3d higher spin gauge theory (c.f. for 3d pure gravity [Achucarro-Townsend '86, Witten '88])
 - 3d black holes with higher spin charges are constructed. Notions like horizon and singularity are NOT gauge invariant [Gutperle-Kraus '11].
 - Holographic entanglement entropy from Wilson loop [de Boer-Jotter, Ammon-Castro-Iqbal '13]
- Application 3: Superstring theory
 - Higher spin gauge theory is NOT just a toy model but can be an alternative description of superstring theory

Strings from higher spin fields

• String spectrum

Tensionless limit



Superstring theory may be given by a broken phase of higher spin gauge theory [Gross '88]

Towards the Gross's speculation

- Backgrounds
 - No-go theorems [e.g., Weinberg '64] forbid non-trivial interactions consistent with higher spin gauge symmetry (with some assumptions)
 - Recent developments are made by working on AdS space
 - Vasiliev theory as a non-trivial higher spin gauge theory on AdS space
 - AdS/CFT correspondence utilizing the Vasiliev theory
- Concrete proposals
 - Relations between superstrings and higher spin fields via AdS/CFT
 - 4d/3d duality → ABJ triality [Chang-Minwalla-Sharma-Yin '12]
 - 3d/2d duality → AdS₃ versions [Gaberdiel-Gopakumar, CHR '13-'15], Higgsing [HR, CH '15, Gaberdiel-Peng-Zadeh '15]



- Introduction
- Higher spin fields and strings
- Higgs phenomenon
- Conclusion

HIGHER SPIN FIELDS AND STRINGS

ABJ triality

- Klebanov-Polyakov proposal '02
 - 4d Vasiliev theory ⇔ 3d O(N) vector model
- ABJ triality [Chang-Minwalla-Sharma-Yin '12]
 - HS side: 4d Vasiliev theory with U(M) Chan-Paton factor
 - CFT side: 3d Aharony-Bergman-Jafferis(-Maldacena) theory
 - String side: Superstring theory on AdS₄ x CP³



Adding CP factor

- 3d ABJ theory
 - Bi-fundamentals under U(N) x U(M) gauge symmetry

$$A_i^{\alpha}, B_{\beta}^j \ (i, j = 1, 2, \dots, N, \ \alpha, \beta = 1, 2, \dots, M)$$

- Higher spin region: *M* << *N*
 - 't Hooft parameter is stronger for U(N) than U(M)

U(N) invariant currents Higher spin fields

 $[J_{\mu_1\dots\mu_s}]^{\alpha}_{\ \beta} = A^{\alpha}_i \partial_{(\mu_1}\cdots\partial_{\mu_s)} B^i_{\beta} \quad \longleftrightarrow \quad [\varphi_{\mu_1\dots\mu_s}]^{\alpha}_{\ \beta}$

- String region: $M \approx N >> 1$
 - $tr[ABAB \cdots AB] \Leftrightarrow strings$
 - Single-string state <> Multi-particle state of higher spin fields

Lower dimensional triality

- Gaberdiel-Gopakumar proposal '10
 - − 3d Vasiliev theory ⇔ 2d large N minimal model
- Extension [CHR '13] (c.f. [Gaberdiel-Gopakumar '13] for M=2)
 - HS side: 3d Vasiliev theory with U(M) CP factor
 - CFT side: 2d coset-type model
- Related superstring theory
 - N=4 holography [Gaberdiel-Gopakumar '13-'15]
 - N=4 SUSY \rightarrow Superstrings on AdS₃ x M⁷ (M⁷ = S³ x S³ x S¹ or S³ x T⁴)
 - U(2) CP factor → String bit picture is obscure
 - Holography with U(M) CP factor [CHR '14, HR '15]
 - *N*=3 SUSY → M⁷ = SO(5)/SO(3) (or SU(3)/U(1))??
 - BPS spectrum is shown to agree

HIGGS PHENOMENON

Marginal deformation & Higgsing

[HR '15]

• Introduction of finite string tension

Superstring theory	CFT	Higher spin gauge theory
Tensionless limit	2d N=3 coset model	3d N=3 Vasiliev theory
With finite string tension	Double-trace type deformations	Change of boundary conditions for bulk fields

^ト [Witten '01] 🝼

• Higgs mass of spin *s* fields from one loop ettects



- Non-standard boundary conditions for ϕ induces non-trivial mass term
 - For a massive graviton [Porrati '01, Duff-Liu-Sati '02, Kiritsis '06, Aharony-Clark-Karch '06]
 - For higher spin fields on AdS₄ [Girardello-Porrati-Zaffaroni '02]

CFT methods

- Higgs phenomenon from CFT
 - Conserved current \Leftrightarrow $\partial \cdot J^{(s)} = 0$
 - Non-conserved current \Leftrightarrow $\partial \cdot J^{(s)} = \alpha \mathcal{O}^{(s-1)}$
- Higher spin fields are massless
- Higher spin fields are massive
- Higgs mass from the scaling dimension
 - The scaling dimension can be computed by

$$|\partial \cdot J^{(s)}|^2 \propto (\Delta - s - d + 2) \langle J^{(s)} | J^{(s)} \rangle$$
$$= |\alpha \mathcal{O}^{(s-1)}|^2 = \alpha^2 \langle \mathcal{O}^{(s-1)} | \mathcal{O}^{(s-1)} \rangle$$

The AdS/CFT dictionary

$$M_{(s)}^{2} = \Delta(\Delta - d) - (d + s - 2)(s - 2)$$



- The masses of spin *s* fields
 - Leading in 1/N (or 1/c) but all order in f^2 [HR, CH '15]

 $\begin{cases} M_{(s)}^2 = 0 & (\text{so}(3)_R \text{ singlet}) \\ M_{(s)}^2 = \frac{12(s-1)}{c} \frac{f^2}{(1+f^2)^2} & (\text{so}(3)_R \text{ triplet}) \end{cases}$

• Comments

$$\left(c = \frac{3}{2}MN = \frac{3}{2G_N}\right)$$

- $M^2 = 0$
 - Similar results were obtained at the leading order of *f* in [Gaberdiel-jin-Li '13]
 - Probably masses are generated at the higher order of M/N except for s=2
- $M^2 \propto s 1$
 - Superstrings with pure NSNS-flux?? (*M*/*N*-corrections should be checked)
 - $M^2 \approx s \log(s) \Leftrightarrow$ superstrings with pure RR-flux [Gaberdiel-Peng-Zadeh '15]

CONCLUSION



• Three trialities among higher spin fields, strings and CFT

	CFT ⇔ Strings	HS⇔ Strings	Tractability
ABJ triality (AdS ₄)	\bigcirc	\bigcirc	\bigtriangleup
N=4 triality (AdS ₃)	\bigcirc	\bigtriangleup	\bigcirc
N=3 triality (AdS ₃)	\bigtriangleup	\bigcirc	\bigcirc

- Higgs masses from the symmetry breaking
 - Compare to string spectrum
 - *M*/*N*-corrections should be computed
 - Understand AdS₃/CFT₂ with N=3 SUSY
 - Generalize to the ABJ triality
 - The methods for 3d CFTs have been developed



The map of AdS/CFT

- Superstrings on AdS₅xS⁵
- 4d U(*N*) gauge theory



- Tensionless limit of string theory (higher spin gauge theory) can be dual to a perturbative region of gauge theory
- Higher spin gauge theory is easier to solve than string theory