Graph Theoretical Approach to Coherent States of Fuzzy Membrane

 $^{\rm 1}$ Jumpei Gohara
, $~^{\rm 2}$ Akifumi Sako and $~^{\rm 3}$ Kazuki Hasebe

¹² Graduate School of Science,

Tokyo University of Science, 1-3 Kagurazaka, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo 162-8601, Japan ³ Sendai National College of Technology, Ayashi, Sendai, 989-3128, Japan

Abstract

We discuss how to make two-dimensional surfaces from the fuzzy representation of membrane. The representation is constructed as a kind of Dirac operator. The surfaces are defined by 0-determinant manifolds of the Dirac operator. The method in this work has a relation to a graph theory. It is possible to interpret the Dirac operator as an extension of adjacency matrix of a graph. The surfaces given by this way are regarded as plumped out graphs embedded in \mathbb{R}^3 . There is a conjecture that all genus surfaces are constructed. This conjecture is given by the observation of many examples using numerical calculations. In this study, we investigate how a graph generate S^2 and another graph makes T^2 , analytically. We also examine the mechanism of binding surfaces. For some special cases, conditions of binding surfaces are determined.