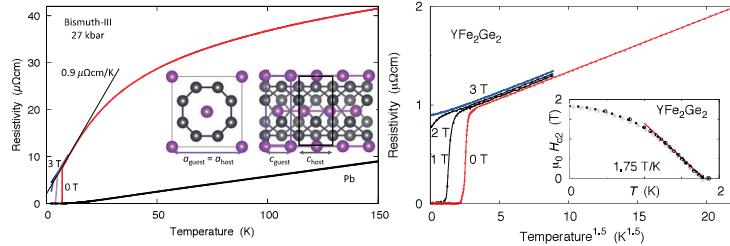


## Superconductivity in quasiperiodic Bi-III and in $\text{YFe}_2\text{Ge}_2$

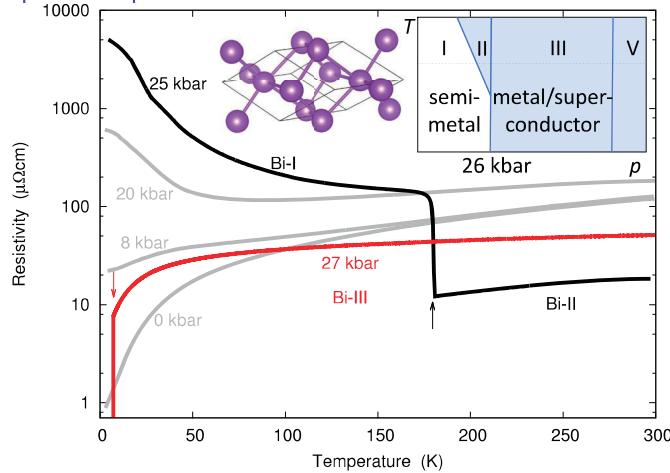
F. M. Grosche  
Cavendish Laboratory, Cambridge



- Bi-III: incommensurate high pressure structure.
- $\text{YFe}_2\text{Ge}_2$ : Iron-based superconductor with high  $C/T \simeq 100 \text{ mJ/molK}^2$ .

P. Brown Sci. Adv. **4**:eaao4793 (2018). Y. Zou Phys. Status Solidi (RRL) **8**, 928 (2014)  
J. Chen PRL **116**, 127001 (2016), PRB **99**, 020501(R) (2019)

## High pressure phases of Bismuth



- Semimetal with  $\sim 1 \text{ e}^-$  per  $10^5$  atoms at low pressure.
- Carrier concentration drops with increasing pressure.
- Bi-II, III: high carrier concentration, superconductivity.

P. Brown Physics Procedia **75**, 29 (2015), Li PRB **95**, 024510 (2017)

## Key contributors

### Bi-III

- Measurements: **Phil Brown**, Konstantin Semeniuk
- DFT calculations: **Bartomeu Monserrat**, Chris Pickard, Diandian Wang

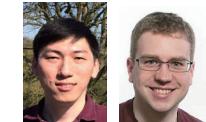


Phil Brown Konstantin Semeniuk

### $\text{YFe}_2\text{Ge}_2$

Early work (2009-2015):

Zhuo Feng, Yang Zou, Peter Logg, Konstantin Semeniuk, Phil Brown



Zhuo Feng Yang Zou

Next generation high purity polycrystals and single crystals:

- Samples and characterisation: **Jiasheng Chen** + James Tarrant
- Quantum oscillations: **Jordan Baglo** + Keiron Murphy
- Heat capacity: **Jacintha Banda** + Manuel Brando (MPI-CPFS)
- muSR: **Pabitra Biswas** + Adroja Devashibhai (ISIS)



Jiasheng Chen Jordan Baglo

### Fermi surface of pressure-metallised $\text{NiS}_2$

- Crystals: **Sven Friedemann**
- High  $p$  quantum oscillations: **Keiron Murphy**
- High field measurements: **Stan Tozer** (Tallahassee), **Inge Leermakers**, **Alix McCollam** (Nijmegen)

Probably won't get this far...



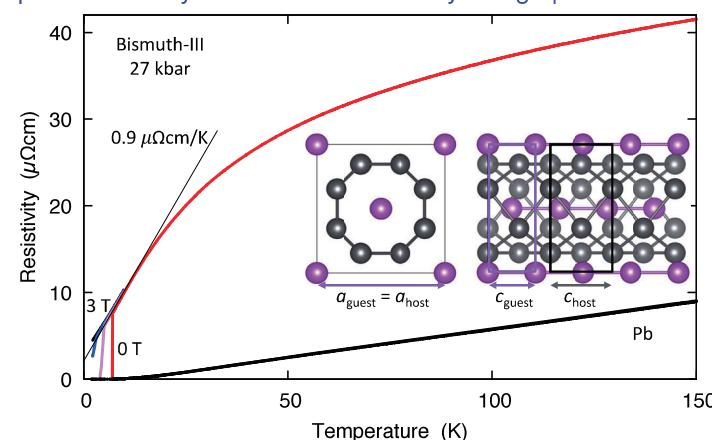
Keiron Murphy

DFT calculations: Pascal Reiss

High pressure training and support: Patricia Alireza

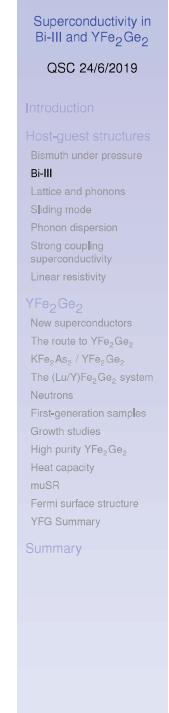
Discussions with Gil Lonzarich, Christoph Geibel, Jörg Schmalian

## Superconductivity and $T$ -linear resistivity in high pressure Bi-III

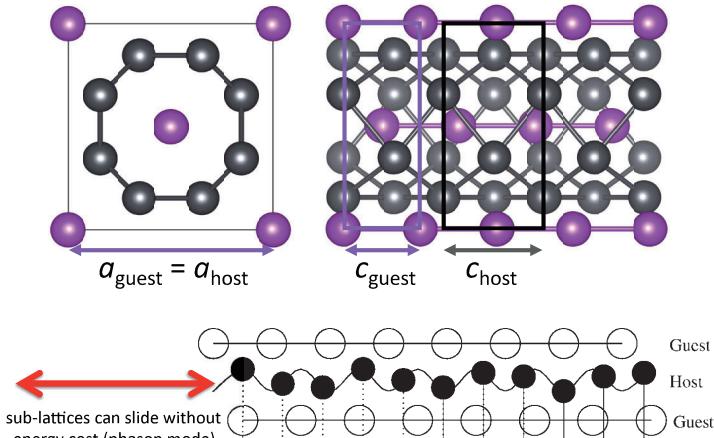


- $T_c \simeq 7.2 \text{ K}$ , linear  $\rho(T)$  at low  $T$ .
- Compare to Pb, neighbour in periodic table,  $T_c \simeq 7.2 \text{ K}$ .
- Incommensurate host-guest structure of Bi-III.

P. Brown Sci. Adv. **4**:eaao4793 (2018)



## Bi-III phase: host-guest structure



- Phason is like fourth acoustic mode (but damped).

McMahon, Degtyareva, Nelmes PRL **85**, 4896 (2000), Reed and Ackland, PRL **84**, 5580 (2000)

## Superconductivity in Bi-III and $\text{YFe}_2\text{Ge}_2$

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### Introduction

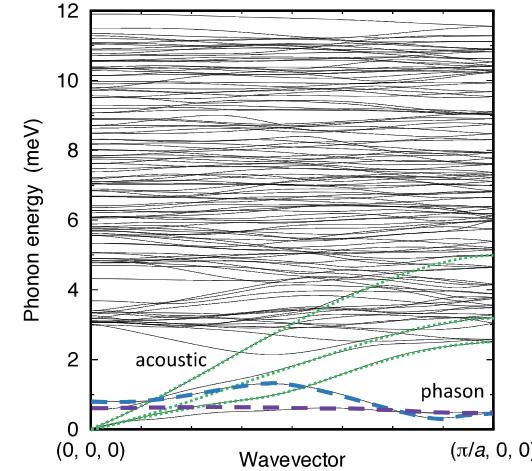
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Growth studies  
High purity  $\text{YFe}_2\text{Ge}_2$   
Heat capacity  
 $\mu\text{SR}$   
Fermi surface structure  
YFG Summary

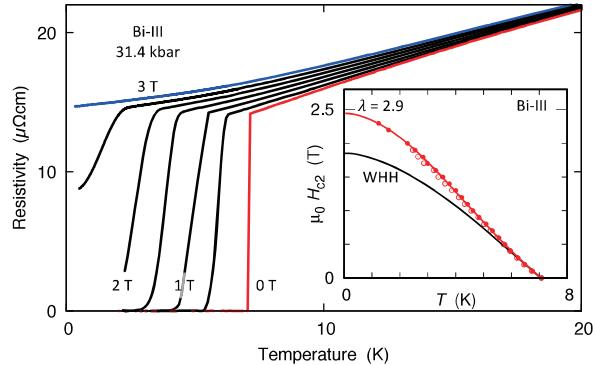
### Summary

## Bi-III phason modes weakly dispersive and soft



- Low-lying phason modes (2 chains per unit cell) in 42-atom approximant
- Little dispersion perpendicular to  $c$ -axis.
- 1D dispersion  $\rightarrow$  large contribution to  $e^-$ -phonon  $\lambda$ .

## Enhanced electron-phonon coupling in high pressure Bi-III



- Scattering from low energy phonons:  $\rho \propto T \lambda / \Omega_p^2$  ( $\Omega_p$  = plasma freq.)
- Slope  $\rho'$  and calculated  $\Omega_p$  give  $\lambda \sim 2.8$ . Similar  $\lambda$  from  $H_{c2}$  fit.
- Strong coupling, type II superconductor.
- Mass enhancement  $\propto (1 + \lambda)$  explains short coherence length  $\simeq 116 \text{ \AA}$ .

## Superconductivity in Bi-III and $\text{YFe}_2\text{Ge}_2$

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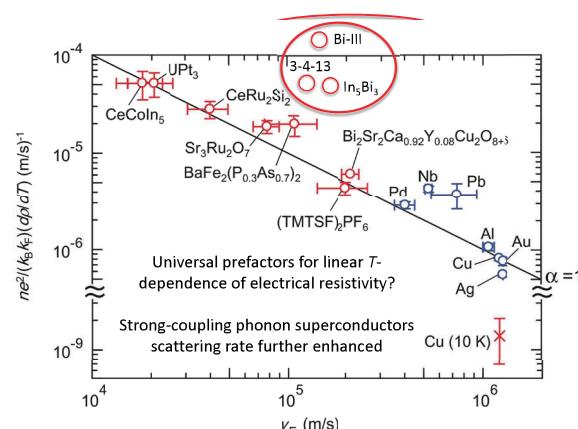
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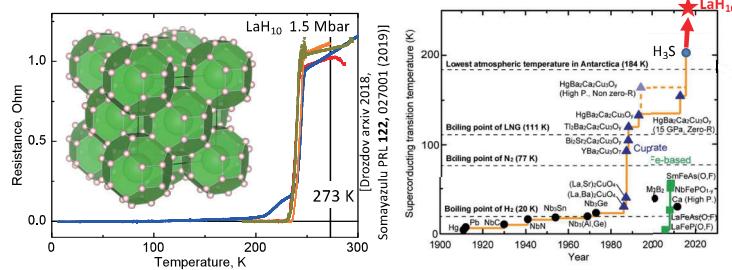
### Summary

## Universal prefactors for linear $\rho(T)$



- Observation:  $\hbar\tau^{-1} \sim k_B T$  (corresponds to  $\alpha \simeq 1$ ).
- Bi-III and other strong coupling s/c:  $\alpha \simeq 2\pi\lambda$ .

## Record $T_c$ in high-pressure LaH<sub>10</sub>



Multiple measurements by two groups,  $T_c$  extends up to 283 K: room temperature superconductivity within reach.

- ▶ Success of computationally assisted materials discovery.
- ▶ Can LaH<sub>10</sub>-style superconductivity extend to ambient pressure?
- ▶ Probably not; such high phonon frequencies require compression.
- ▶ Need alternative pairing interaction with high energy scale: **magnetic interaction in metals reaches up to 3,000 K.**

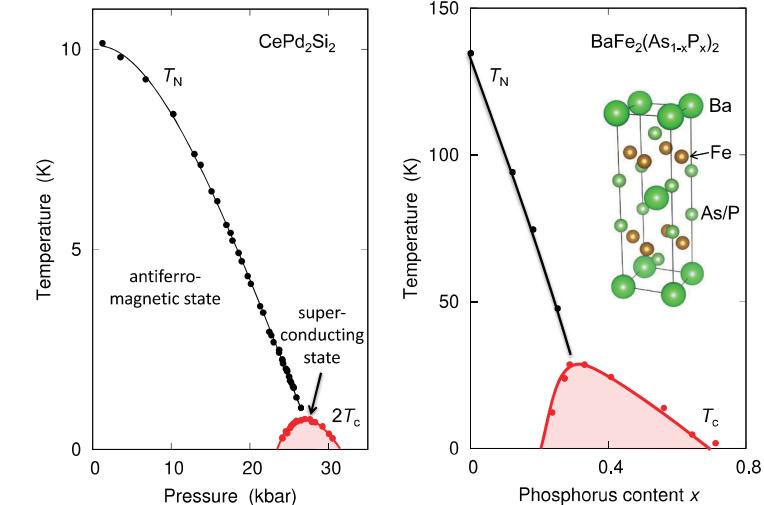
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**Summary**

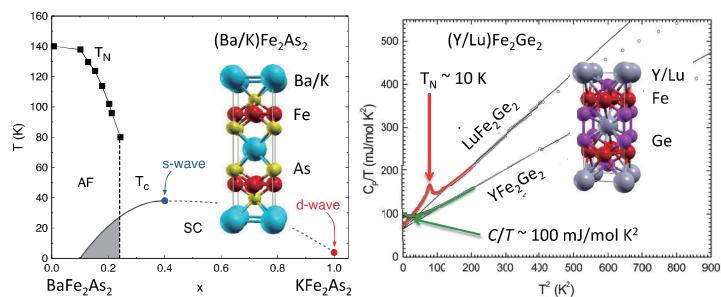
## From narrow-band, *f*-electron low- $T_c$ to *d*-electron high- $T_c$



We need more unconventional superconductors!

Mathur Nature 394, 39 (1998), Hashimoto Science 336, 1554 (2012)

## From KFe<sub>2</sub>As<sub>2</sub> to YFe<sub>2</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub>



- ▶ Search for analogues to Fe-As superconductors.
- ▶ KFe<sub>2</sub>As<sub>2</sub> ( $T_c \simeq 3.8$  K): high  $C/T \simeq 100$  mJ/mol K<sup>2</sup>.
- ▶ YFe<sub>2</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub> has similarly high  $C/T$ , apparently same Fe oxidation number as in KFe<sub>2</sub>As<sub>2</sub>.

Reid Supercond. Sci. Technol. 25, 084013 (2012), Avila JMMM 270, 51 (2004)

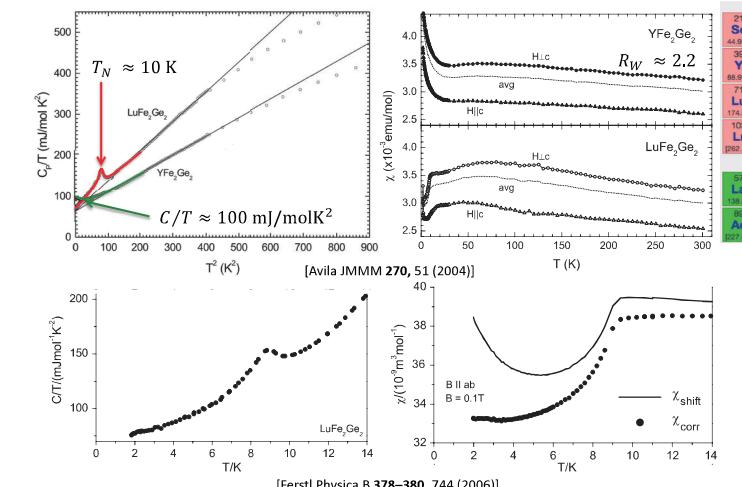
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YFG Summary

**Summary**

## Early work on (Y/Lu)Fe<sub>2</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub>



- ▶ Antiferromagnetic transition in LuFe<sub>2</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub> near 10 K.
- ▶ Magnetic susceptibility  $\chi_{SI} \sim 10^{-3}$ . Moderately enhanced Wilson ratio  $R_W \simeq 2.5$ .

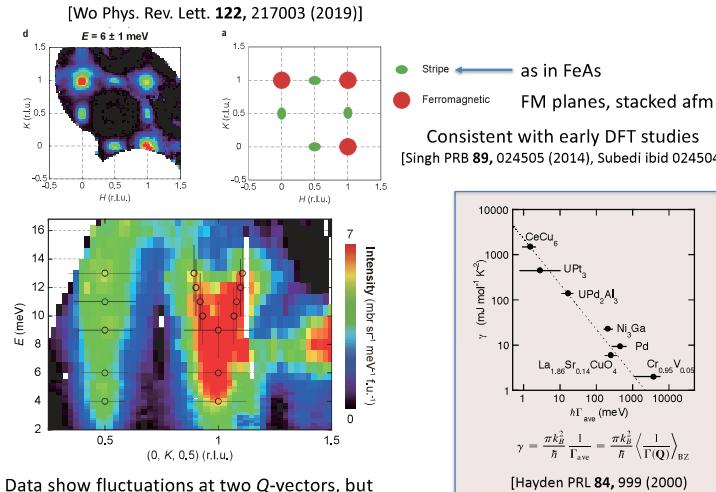
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**Summary**

## Neutron scattering in $\text{YFe}_2\text{Ge}_2$



Data show fluctuations at two  $Q$ -vectors, but appear not sufficient to explain high  $\gamma$ .

Superconductivity in Bi-III and  $\text{YFe}_2\text{Ge}_2$

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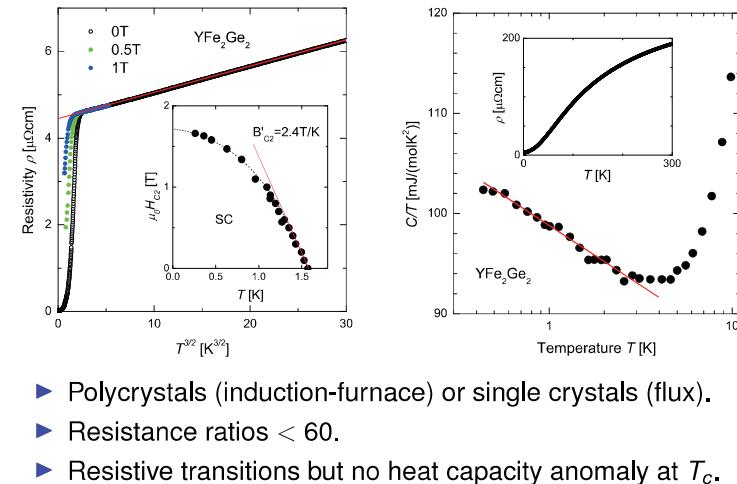
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**Neutrons**

First-generation samples  
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**Summary**

## Superconductivity in $\text{YFe}_2\text{Ge}_2$ , first-generation samples



[Zou Phys Status Solidi (RRL) **8**, 928 (2014); Kim Phil. Mag. **95**, 804 (2015)]

Superconductivity in Bi-III and  $\text{YFe}_2\text{Ge}_2$

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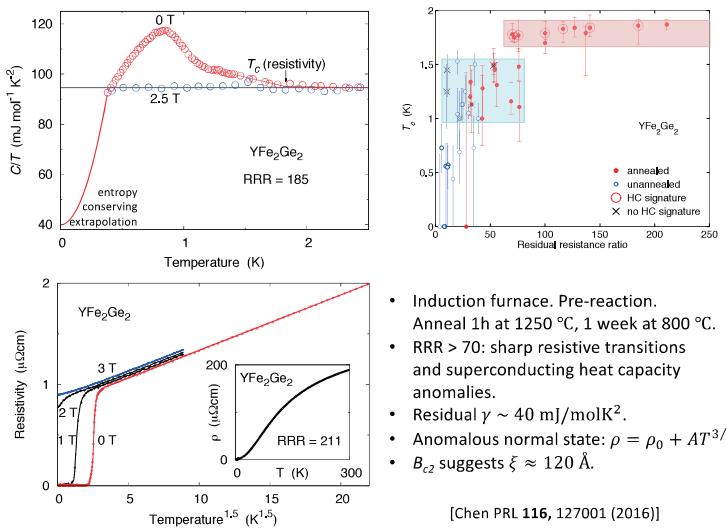
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**Summary**

## Growth improvements lead to bulk superconductivity in polycrystals



Superconductivity in Bi-III and  $\text{YFe}_2\text{Ge}_2$

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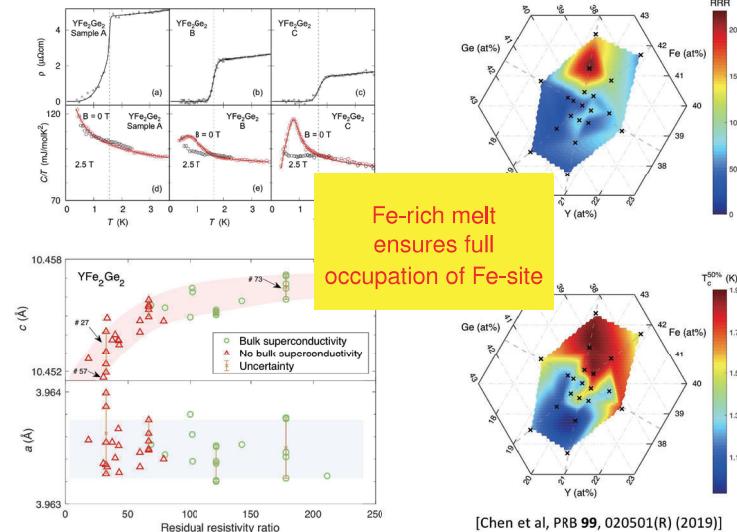
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**Summary**

## Growth study in $\text{YFe}_2\text{Ge}_2$ polycrystals



Superconductivity in Bi-III and  $\text{YFe}_2\text{Ge}_2$

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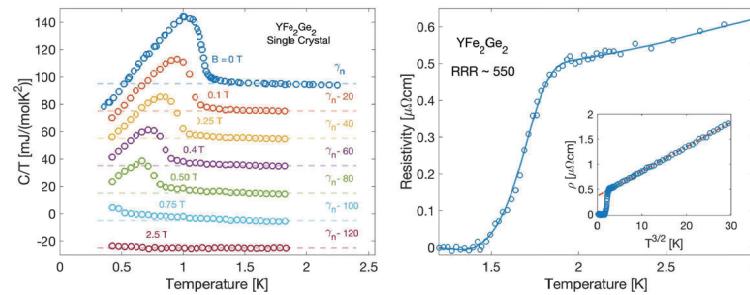
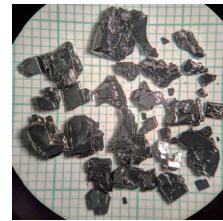
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**Summary**

## Towards high quality single crystals of $\text{YFe}_2\text{Ge}_2$

- ▶ Sn flux growth from high quality polycrystals (grown from Fe-rich melt).
- ▶ Experimenting with temperature profiles, crucible orientation, growth protocol has gradually produced  $\text{RRR} \sim 500$ .
- ▶ Sharp bulk transitions. Resistivity still  $T^{3/2}$ .



## Superconductivity in Bi-III and $\text{YFe}_2\text{Ge}_2$

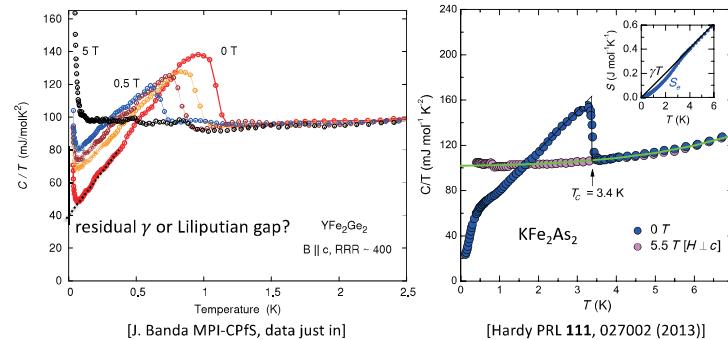
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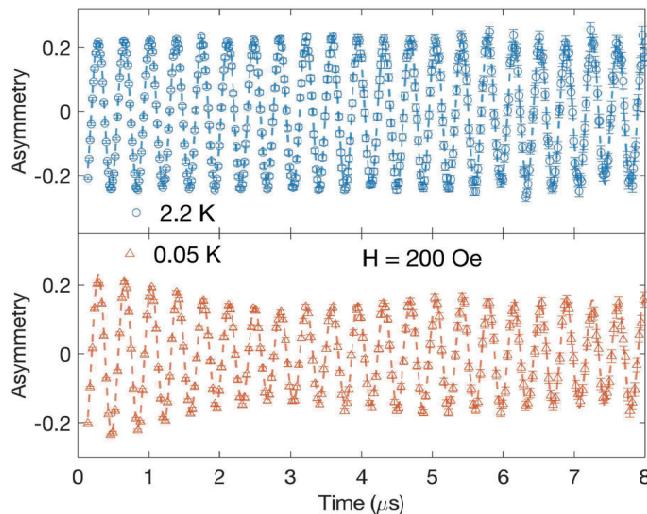
## Heat capacity to very low temperatures



- ▶ Dilution fridge measurements confirm sharp bulk transition in new generation of  $\text{YFe}_2\text{Ge}_2$  single crystals.
- ▶ Upturn at low temperature (nuclear contribution) prevents definitive conclusion about gap structure and residual  $\gamma$ .
- ▶ Similarity with  $\text{KFe}_2\text{As}_2$ .

## Transverse field muSR measurements

$$A_{TF} = A_0 \exp(-(\sigma t)^2/2) \cos(\gamma\mu\langle B \rangle t + \phi) + A_{bg} \cos(\gamma\mu B_{bg} t + \phi)$$



## Superconductivity in Bi-III and $\text{YFe}_2\text{Ge}_2$

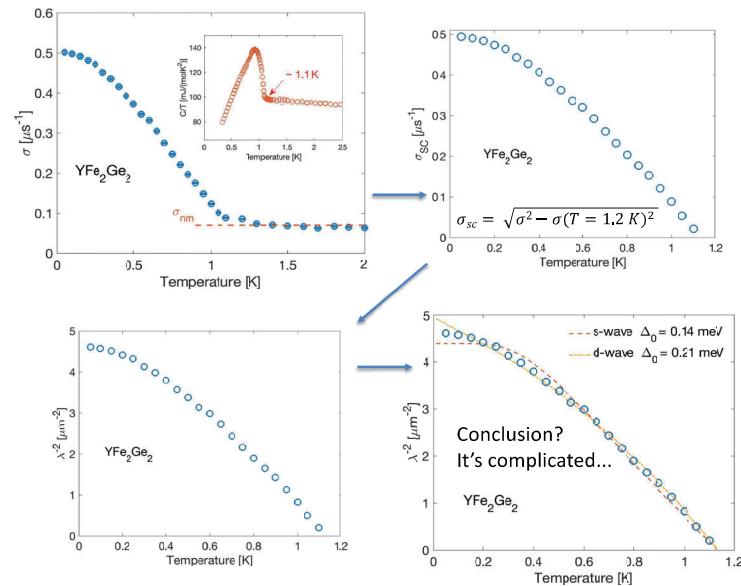
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## Transverse field muSR



First attempt at ISIS with Pabitra Biswas and Adroja Devashibhai

## Superconductivity in Bi-III and $\text{YFe}_2\text{Ge}_2$

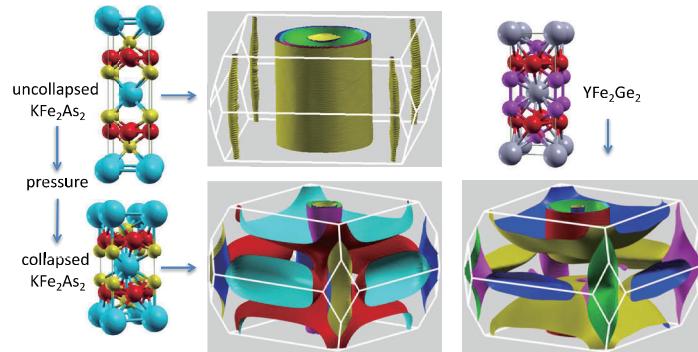
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## High pressure KFe<sub>2</sub>As<sub>2</sub> similar to YFe<sub>2</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub>



YFe<sub>2</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub> Fermi surface resembles that of KFe<sub>2</sub>As<sub>2</sub> in **collapsed tetragonal phase**.

RFe <sub>2</sub> X <sub>2</sub>	c/a	X-X dist. (Å)
uct KFe <sub>2</sub> As <sub>2</sub> ( $p = 0$ )	3.608	4.089
ct KFe <sub>2</sub> As <sub>2</sub> (21 GPa)	2.491	2.544
YFe <sub>2</sub> Ge <sub>2</sub>	2.639	2.721

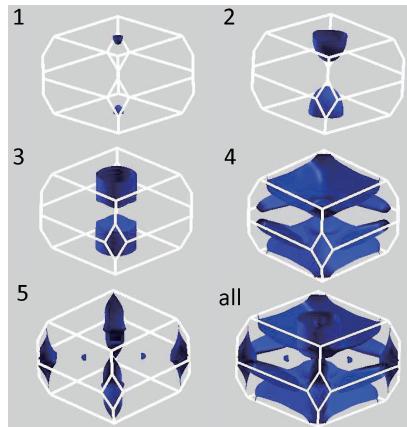
Ge-Ge or As-As bond:  
Fe  $d^{5.5} \rightarrow d^{6.5}$

Superconductivity in Bi-III and YFe<sub>2</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub>  
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## YFe<sub>2</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub> calculated Fermi surface sheets



Sheet	Freq. (kT)	Mass (m <sub>e</sub> )
2 (B    a)	4.25	2.49
3 (B    a)	5.86	2.71
4 (B    a)	11.90	2.86
5 (B    c)	0.95	1.67

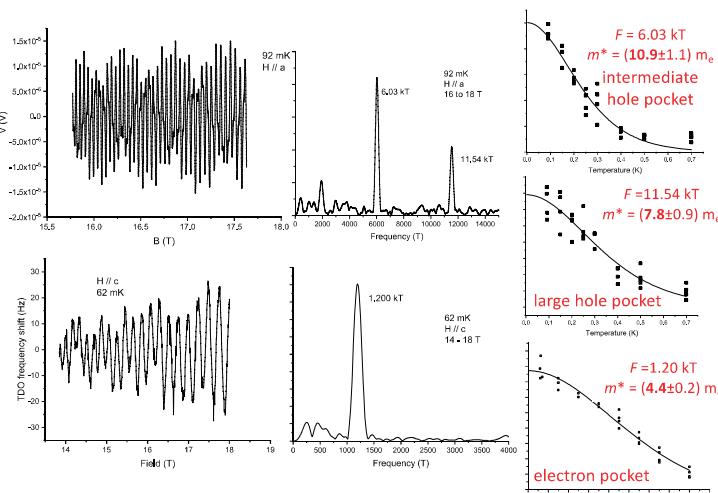
(our Wien2k calc.)

DFT predicts  $\gamma \simeq 16 \text{ mJ/molK}^2$  vs. measured 100 mJ/molK<sup>2</sup>.

Expect measured masses of order 10  $m_e$ .

[Singh PRB 89, 024505, Subedi PRB 89, 024504 (2014)]

## May 2019 quantum oscillation data



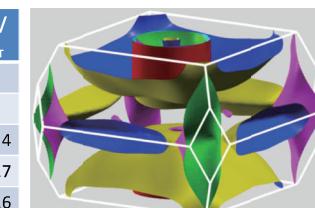
Superconductivity in Bi-III and YFe<sub>2</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub>  
QSC 24/6/2019

Introduction  
Host-guest structures  
Bismuth under pressure  
Bi-III  
Lattice and phonons  
Sliding mode  
Phonon dispersion  
Strong coupling superconductivity  
Linear resistivity

YFe<sub>2</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub>  
New superconductors  
The route to YFe<sub>2</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub>  
KFe<sub>2</sub>As<sub>2</sub> / YFe<sub>2</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub>  
The (Lu/Y)Fe<sub>2</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub> system  
Neutrons  
First-generation samples  
Growth studies  
High purity YFe<sub>2</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub>  
Heat capacity  
muSR  
Fermi surface structure  
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Summary

## Summary YFe<sub>2</sub>Ge<sub>2</sub>

Sheet	Freq. (kT)	Mass (m <sub>e</sub> )	Freq. (kT)	Mass (m <sub>e</sub> )	$m_{\text{exp}}/m_{\text{DFT}}$
DFT					experiment
2 (B    a)	4.25	2.49	n/a	n/a	
3 (B    a)	5.86	2.71	6.03	10.9	4
4 (B    a)	11.90	2.86	11.54	7.8	2.7
5 (B    c)	0.95	1.67	1.20	4.4	2.6



- ▶ Origin of high heat capacity?
- ▶ Superconductivity: residual  $\gamma$  or tiny second gap? Nodes?
- ▶ Origin of anomalous  $T^{3/2}$  normal state resistivity?
- ▶ Bulk properties as in KFe<sub>2</sub>As<sub>2</sub> – but different Fermi surface.

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